

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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Inventor..... Rudolph Balaz et al.
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Title: VPN Enrollment Protocol Gateway

APPEAL BRIEF

To: Commissioner for Patents
PO Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

From: Allan Sponseller (Tel. 509-324-9256x215; Fax 509-323-8979)
Customer No. 22801

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §41.37, Applicant hereby submits an appeal brief for application 10/801,332 within the requisite time from the date of filing the Notice of Appeal. Accordingly, Applicant appeals to the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences seeking review of the Examiner's rejections.

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(1) Real Party in Interest

The real party in interest is Microsoft Corporation, the assignee of all right, title and interest in and to the subject invention.

(2) Related Appeals and Interferences

Appellant is not aware of any other appeals, interferences, or judicial proceedings which will directly affect, be directly affected by, or otherwise have a bearing on the Board's decision to this pending appeal.

(3) Status of Claims

Claims 1-5 and 7-21 stand rejected and are pending in this Application. Claims 1-5 and 7-21 are appealed. Claims 1, 10, and 19 were previously amended. Claim 6 was previously canceled. Claims 1-5 and 7-21 are set forth in the Appendix of Appealed Claims on page 12.

(4) Status of Amendments

A Final Office Action was issued on May 16, 2005.

A Response to the Final Office Action was filed June 22, 2005. No amendments were made as part of this Response.

An Advisory Action was issued on July 7, 2005.

Appellant filed a Notice of Appeal on August 15, 2005 in response to the Final Office Action and the Advisory Action.

(5) Summary of Claimed Subject Matter

A concise explanation of each of the independent claims is included in this Summary section, including specific reference characters. These specific reference characters are examples of particular elements of the drawings for certain embodiments of the claimed invention, and the claims are not limited to solely the elements corresponding to these reference characters.

With respect to independent claim 1, as discussed for example at page 12, line 24 through page 15, line 19, page 17, lines 7-15, and page 28, line 23 through page 30, line 23, a method, implemented in a registration authority, comprises receiving (430) a request, from a requestor, for a password to be used by a device when communicating with the registration authority operating as a protocol gateway between the device and a certificate authority. The method further comprises authenticating (432) the requestor, generating (438) the password, adding (438) the password to a password table, and returning (440) the password to the requestor for use by the device.

With respect to independent claim 10, as discussed for example at page 12, line 24 through page 15, line 19, page 17, lines 7-15, and page 28, line 23 through page 30, line 23, one or more computer-readable media having stored thereon a plurality of instructions that implement a registration authority and that, when executed by one or more processors, causes the one or more processors to perform acts comprising receiving (430) a request, from a requestor, for a password to be used by a device when communicating with the registration authority operating as a protocol gateway between the device and a certificate authority. The acts further comprise authenticating (432) the requestor, generating (438) the password,

adding (438) the password to a password table, and returning (440) the password to the requestor for use by the device.

With respect to independent claim 19, as discussed for example at page 12, line 24 through page 15, line 19, page 17, lines 7-15, and page 28, line 23 through page 30, line 23, a registration authority system comprises means for receiving a request (drawings: 430, 142, 172, 174; specification: p. 29, lines 6-16, p. 9, line 11 – p. 18, line 4, p. 7, lines 9-12, and p. 31, lines 8-12), from a requestor, for a password to be used by a device when communicating with the registration authority operating as a protocol gateway between the device and a certificate authority. The system further comprises means for authenticating (drawings: 432, 142, 172, 174; specification: p. 29, lines 6-10, p. 29, lines 16-18, p. 9, line 11 – p. 18, line 4, p. 7, lines 9-12, and p. 31, lines 8-12) the requestor, means for generating (drawings: 438, 142, 172, 174; specification: p. 29, lines 6-10, p. 29, line 22 – p. 30, line 4, p. 9, line 11 – p. 18, line 4, p. 7, lines 9-12, and p. 31, lines 8-12) the password, means for adding (drawings: 438, 142, 172, 174; specification: p. 29, lines 6-10, p. 29, line 22 – p. 30, line 8, p. 9, line 11 – p. 18, line 4, p. 7, lines 9-12, and p. 31, lines 8-12) the password to a password table, and means for returning (drawings: 440, 142, 172, 174; specification: p. 29, lines 6-10, p. 30, lines 9-11, p. 9, line 11 – p. 18, line 4, p. 7, lines 9-12, and p. 31, lines 8-12) the password to the requestor for use by the device.

(6) Grounds of Rejection to be Reviewed on Appeal

Claims 1-5 and 7-21 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,044,471 to Colvin in view of U.S. Patent

No. 6,606,744 to Mikurak. Appellant respectfully submits that claims 1-5 and 7-21 are not obvious over Colvin in view of Mikurak.

(7) Argument

A. Rejection under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) over U.S. Patent No. 6,044,471 to Colvin in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,606,744 to Mikurak.

Claims 1-5 and 7-21 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,044,471 to Colvin (hereinafter “Colvin”) in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,606,744 to Mikurak (hereinafter “Mikurak”).

Colvin is directed to a method and apparatus for securing software to reduce unauthorized use (see, title). As discussed in Colvin, each copy or group of copies of software is associated with a password (see, col. 3, lines 59-63). During the initial use or installation of the software on a computer, the end user must contact a password administrator to obtain the appropriate authorization code or password (see, col. 4, lines 33-39). The password administrator obtains registration information from the end user and provides an appropriate password or authorization code to the software (see, col. 4, lines 39-42). The password administrator stores the registration information to be used for various purposes to reduce unauthorized use of software (see, col. 4, line 66 to col. 5, line 2). The password or authorization code is communicated to the software to make the software operational on the end user’s computer (see, col. 6, lines 38-40).

Mikurak is directed to collaborative installation management in a network-based supply chain environment (see, col. 1, lines 9-10). As discussed in the Abstract of Mikurak, telephone calls, data and other multimedia information are

routed through a network system which includes transfer of information across the internet utilizing telephony routing information and internet protocol address information. The system includes integrated Internet Protocol (IP) telephony services allowing a user of a web application to communicate in an audio fashion in-band without having to pick up another telephone. Users can click a button and go to a call center through the network using IP telephony. The system invokes an IP telephony session simultaneously with the data session, and uses an active directory lookup whenever a user uses the system. Users include service providers and manufacturers utilizing the network-based supply chain environment.

1. Claims 1-5 and 7-20

In the May 16, 2005 Final Office Action at p. 3, it was asserted that, with respect to claims 1, 10, and 19:

It is disclosed by Mikurak of a registration authority that acts as a protocol gateway that is coupled to receive messages from a certificate authority (col. 67, lines 15-19, 21-25, col. 269, lines 58-65, and as shown in Figure 120).

Appellant respectfully disagrees with this characterization of Mikurak. Mikurak, at col. 67, lines 15-25 recites:

In terms of architecture, two given networks are connected by a computer that attaches to both of them. Internet gateways and routers provide those links necessary to send packets between networks and thus make connections possible. Without these links, data communication through the Internet would not be possible, as the information either would not reach its destination or would be incomprehensible upon arrival. A gateway may be thought of as an entrance to a communications network that performs code and protocol conversion between two otherwise incompatible networks. For instance, gateways transfer electronic mail and data files between networks over the internet.

Mikurak at col. 269, lines 58-65 recites:

The central corporate headquarters will maintain a CA (Certificate Authority) to administer the certificates. The CA is integrated with an LDAP server to store directory information. An RA (Registration Authority) is used to process certificate requests. For users at customer locations, the authentication occurs at the corporate web server and is managed by the web server access control software.

As can be seen from the cited portions of Mikurak, although Mikurak discusses Internet gateways and also discusses a Certificate Authority and a Registration Authority, there is no mention or discussion of a registration authority operating as a protocol gateway between a device and a certificate authority. The Internet gateways of Mikurak provide links necessary to send packets between networks – there is no discussion or mention that these Internet gateways do anything more. Appellant respectfully submits that the mere existence of an Internet gateway as described in Mikurak does not provide any disclosure or suggestion for a registration authority to operate as a protocol gateway as recited in claims 1, 10, and 19. The Internet gateway and Registration Authority of Mikurak are described as separate devices – there is no discussion or mention in Mikurak of including the functionality of the Internet gateway in the Registration Authority of Mikurak. As such, Appellant respectfully submits that Mikurak cannot disclose or suggest the registration authority operating as a protocol gateway between the device and a certificate authority as recited in claims 1, 10, and 19.

With respect to Colvin, Colvin is not cited as curing and does not cure these deficiencies of Mikurak.

For at least these reasons, Appellant respectfully submits that claims 1, 10, and 19 are allowable over Colvin in view of Mikurak.

Given that claims 2-5 and 7-9 depend from claim 1, claims 11-18 depend from claim 10, and claim 20 depends from claim 19, Appellant respectfully submits that claims 2-5, 7-9, 11-18, and 20 are likewise allowable over Colvin in view of Mikurak for at least the reasons discussed above.

2. Claim 21

With respect to claim 21, claim 21 depends from claim 1 and Appellant respectfully submits that claim 21 is allowable over Colvin in view of Mikurak due to its dependency from claim 1. Furthermore, claim 21 recites:

A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising:
receiving the password as part of a subsequent request from
the device; and
comparing the received password to the password in the
password table to verify that the subsequent request actually came
from the device.

Appellant respectfully submits that no such receiving and comparing is disclosed or suggested by Colvin in view of Mikurak.

Colvin, as discussed above, discusses a password administrator that obtains registration information from an end user and provides an appropriate password to make software operational on the end user's computer. However, nowhere in Colvin is there any discussion or mention of receiving a password as part of a subsequent request from a device (the device from which the request for the password was received), and comparing the received password to the password in the password table to verify that the subsequent request actually came from the device as recited in claim 21. Colvin discusses providing an appropriate password to make software operational on an end user's computer, not comparing the

received password to the password in the password table to verify that the subsequent request actually came from the device as recited in claim 21.

Mikurak, as discussed above, discusses a collaborative installation management in a network-based supply chain environment. However, nowhere in Mikurak is there any discussion or mention of receiving a password as part of a subsequent request from a device (the device from which the request for the password was received), much less of comparing the received password to the password in the password table to verify that the subsequent request actually came from the device as recited in claim 21.

As there is no disclosure or suggestion of the receiving and comparing of claim 21 in Colvin or Mikurak, Appellant respectfully submits that the combination of Colvin and Mikurak does not disclose or suggest the receiving and comparing of claim 21.

Appellant notes that although claim 21 is rejected over Colvin in view of Mikurak in the May 16, 2005 Final Office Action, there is no indication in the May 16, 2005 Final Office Action or the July 7, 2005 Advisory Action of where the elements of claim 21 are allegedly taught by Colvin and Mikurak.


Accordingly, for at least these reasons, Appellant respectfully submits that claim 21 is allowable over Colvin and Mikurak.

Conclusion

The Office's basis and supporting rationale for the § 103(a) rejections is not supported by the teaching of the cited references. Appellant respectfully requests that the rejections be overturned and that pending claims 1-5 and 7-21 be allowed to issue.

Respectfully Submitted,

Dated: 1/10/06

By: 
Allan T. Sponseller
Lee & Hayes, PLLC
Reg. No. 38,318
(509) 324-9256 ext. 215

(8) Appendix of Appealed Claims

1. (Previously presented) A method, implemented in a registration authority, comprising:

receiving a request, from a requestor, for a password to be used by a device when communicating with the registration authority operating as a protocol gateway between the device and a certificate authority;

authenticating the requestor;

generating the password;

adding the password to a password table; and

returning the password to the requestor for use by the device.

2. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the device comprises a router.

3. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein generating the password comprises generating a random number as the password.

4. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein receiving, authenticating, and returning include using Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) to maintain secure communication with the device.

5. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising keeping the password active for a selected amount of time.

7. (Original) A method as recited in claim 5, wherein keeping the password active for a selected amount of time comprises removing the password from the password table after the selected amount of time.

8. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising:
receiving a request from the device, the request including a request password;
checking whether the request password is included in the password table;
and
processing the request if the request password is included in the password table, otherwise rejecting the request.

9. (Original) A method as recited in claim 8, further comprising removing, if the request password is included in the password table, the request password from the password table.

10. (Previously presented) One or more computer-readable media having stored thereon a plurality of instructions that implement a registration authority and that, when executed by one or more processors, causes the one or more processors to perform acts comprising:

receiving a request, from a requestor, for a password to be used by a device when communicating with the registration authority operating as a protocol gateway between the device and a certificate authority;

authenticating the requestor;

generating the password;
adding the password to a password table; and
returning the password to the requestor for use by the device.

11. (Original) One or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 10, wherein the device comprises a router.

12. (Original) One or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 10, wherein generating the password comprises generating a random number as the password.

13. (Original) One or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 10, wherein receiving, authenticating, and returning include using Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) to maintain secure communication with the device.

14. (Original) One or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 10, wherein the plurality of instructions further cause the one or more processors to perform acts comprising keeping the password active for a selected amount of time.

15. (Original) One or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 14, wherein keeping the password active for a selected amount of time comprises marking the password as invalid after the selected amount of time.

16. (Original) One or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 14, wherein keeping the password active for a selected amount of time comprises removing the password from the password table after the selected amount of time.

17. (Original) One or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 10, wherein the plurality of instructions further cause the one or more processors to perform acts comprising:

receiving a request from the device, the request including a request password;

checking whether the request password is included in the password table;
and

processing the request if the request password is included in the password table, otherwise rejecting the request.

18. (Original) One or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 17, wherein the plurality of instructions further cause the one or more processors to perform acts comprising removing, if the request password is included in the password table, the request password from the password table.

19. (Previously presented) A registration authority system comprising:
means for receiving a request, from a requestor, for a password to be used by a device when communicating with the registration authority operating as a protocol gateway between the device and a certificate authority;
means for authenticating the requestor;

means for generating the password;
means for adding the password to a password table; and
means for returning the password to the requestor for use by the device.

20. (Original) A system as recited in claim 19, wherein the device comprises a router.

21. (Previously presented) A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising:

receiving the password as part of a subsequent request from the device; and
comparing the received password to the password in the password table to
verify that the subsequent request actually came from the device.

(9) Appendix of Evidence Submitted

None.

(10) Appendix of Related Proceedings

None.